



This Hall Effect current sensor is based on open loop principle and can be used for measurement of DC currents.

Product Characteristics	Applications
Excellent accuracy     Very good linearity     Small size     Light in weight     Less power consumption     Window structure     Electrically isolating the output of the transducer from the current carrying conductor     No insertion loss     Current overload capability	Photovoltaic equipment Frequency conversion timing equipment Various power supply Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS) Electric welding machines Transformer substation Numerical controlled machine tools Electrolyzing and electroplating equipment Electric powered locomotive Microcomputer monitoring Electric power network monitoring

## **Electrical Data**

Measuring range M	800A ~ 6000A DC
Linearity range	1.5 x M (for 800A ~ 4000A), 6500A (for >4000A)
Overload capacity	5 x M <sub>max</sub> (maximum measuring range)
Nominal output signals	0-4V, 0-5V, 0-10V, -5V~+5V, 0-20mA, 4-20mA, -20mA~+20mA,
Supply voltage	+12VDC, +15VDC, +24VDC, ±12VDC, ±15VDC
Current consumption	18mA ~ 50mA + output current
Galvanic isolation	3KV RMS/50Hz/min

## **Accuracy and Dynamic Performances**

Zero offset voltage	±20	mV
Hysteresis error	±10	mV
Thermal drift of offset current	≤500	ppm/°C
Response time	≤10 (di/dt=50A/μs)	μs
Accuracy	±1.0	%
Linearity	≤1.0	%FS

#### **General Data**

Operating temperature	-10 ~ +80	°C
Storage temperature	-25 ~ +85	°C

# **CYHCT-C5** Current Sensor

#### **Definition of Part number:**



(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Series name	Case style	Rated Input current (M=U/B + m)	Output signal	Power supply
СҮНСТ	C5	m = 800A, 1000A, 2000A, 3000A, 4000A, 5000A, 6000A	x=0: 0-4V DC x=3: 0-5V DC x=4: 0-20mA DC x=5: 4-20mA DC x=8: 0-10V DC	n=2: +12V DC n=3: +15V DC n=4: +24V DC n=5: ±12V DC n=6: ±15V DC

U: unipolar input current;

B: bipolar input current

## **Output Signal of Custom Made Sensors:**

**x=1:** tracing voltage 5V DC, **x=2:** tracing current 20mA DC

**Example 1:** CYHCT-C5-U1000A -34, Hall Effect DC Current sensor with

Output signal: 0-5V DC Power supply: +24V DC

Rated input current: 0-1000A DC (unipolar)

Example 2: CYHCT-C5-B1000A -34, Hall Effect

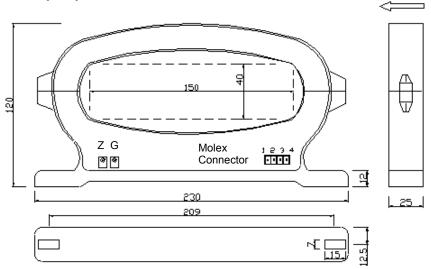
DC Current sensor with Output signal: 0-5V DC Power supply: +24V DC

Rated input current: -1000A ~ +1000ADC

(bipolar)



## **DIMENSIONS (mm)**



## **CYHCT-C5** Current Sensor

## **CONNECTION**

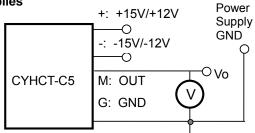
The current carrying cable must pass through the window. The phase of output is the same as that of the current passing the window in the direction of the arrow indicated on the case.

## a) Wiring of Sensors Using Double Power Supplies

## **Voltage Output**

1(+): +15V/+12V Power Supply 2(-): -15V/-12V Power Supply

3(M): Output 4(G): Ground



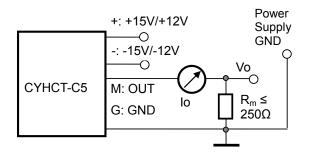
## Relation between Input and Output:

Sensor CYHCT-C5-U1000A -35		Sensor CYHCT-C5-B1000A -35	
Input current (A)	Output voltage (V)	Input current (A)	Output voltage (V)
0	0	-1000	0
250	1.25	-500	1.25
500	2.5	0	2.5
750	3.75	500	3.75
1000	5	1000	5

## **Current Output**

1(+): +15V/+12V Power Supply 2(-): -15V/-12V Power Supply

3(M): Output 4(G): Ground



## Relation between Input and Output (for $R_m=250 \Omega$ ):

Sensor CYHCT-C5-U1000A -45			Sensor CYHCT-C5-B1000A -45		
Input current (A)	Output current lo(mA)	Output voltage Vo (V)	Input current (A)	Output current lo(mA)	Output voltage Vo (V)
0	0	0	-1000	0	0
250	5	1.25	-500	5	1.25
500	10	2.5	0	10	2.5
750	15	3.75	500	15	3.75
1000	20	5	1000	20	5

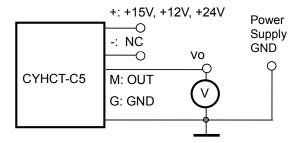
## **CYHCT-C5** Current Sensor

## B) Wiring of Sensors Using Single Power Supply

## **Voltage Output**

1(+): +15V, +12V, +24V

2(-): NC 3(M): Output 4(G): Ground



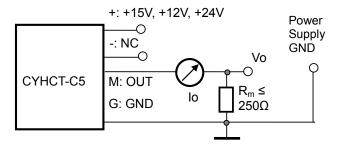
#### Relation between Input and Output:

Sensor CYHCT-C5-U1000A -34		Sensor CYHCT-C5-B1000A -34		
Input current (A)	urrent (A) Output voltage (V) Inp		Output voltage (V)	
0	0	-1000	0	
250	1.25	-500	1.25	
500	2.5	0	2.5	
750	3.75	500	3.75	
1000	5	1000	5	

## **Current Output**

1(+): +15V, +12V, +24V

2(-): NC 3(M): Output 4(G): Ground



#### Relation between Input and Output (for $R_m = 250 \Omega$ ):

Sensor CYHCT-C5-U1000A -54			Sensor CYHCT-C5-B1000A -54		
Input	Output current	Output voltage	Input	Output current	Output voltage
current (A)	lo(mA)	Vo (V)	current (A)	lo(mA)	Vo (V)
0	4	1	-1000	4	1
250	8	2	-500	8	2
500	12	3	0	12	3
750	16	4	500	16	4
1000	20	5	1000	20	5

#### Notes:

- 1. Connect the terminals of power source, outputs respectively and correctly, never make wrong connection.
- 2. Two potentiometers can be adjusted, only if necessary, by turning slowly to the required accuracy with a small screwdriver.
- 3. The best accuracy can be achieved when the window is fully filled with bus-bar (current carrying conductor).
- 4. The in-phase output can be obtained when the direction of current of current carrying conductor is the same as the direction of arrow marked on the transducer case.



For more information and certifications, please contact:

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